

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

SDS n°: FP15959 NORSODYNE H 13212 TAE Page 1/20

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name
Chemical Name
Pure substance/mixture

NORSODYNE H 13212 TAE
Unsaturated polyester resin
Mixture

Unique Formula Identifier (UFI) AKN1-H0H2-X00C-MREU

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified usesResins for composites. Contact us before using for food contact application.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Polynt Composites France S.A.

Route d'Arras CS 50019 62320 Drocourt, France Tel : (+33) 3 21 74 84 00 - Fax : (+33) 3 21 49 55 84

Polynt S.p.A.

Via Enrico Fermi, 51 24020 Scanzorosciate (BG), Italy Tel: (+39) 035 652 111 - Fax: (+39) 035 652 421

Polynt Composites Spain, S.L.U.

Avenida República Argentina S/N 09200 Miranda de Ebro - Burgos, Spain

Tel: (+34) 947 027 202 - Fax: (+34) 947 31 45 40

Polynt Composites Poland Sp. z o.o.

ul. Grabska 11d, 32-005 Niepołomice, Poland Tel: (+48) 12 281 42 00 - Fax: (+48) 12 281 42 01

Polynt Composites Norway AS

Lilleborggata 4, 1630 Gamle Fredrikstad, Norway Tel: (+47) 693 570 00 - Fax: (+47) 693 570 01

Polynt Composites Stallingborough UK Ltd.

Laporte Road, Stallingborough - Near Grimsby North East Lincolnshire DN41 8DR,

United Kingdom

Tel: (+44) 1469 552 570 - Fax: (+44) 1469 552 597

The supplier of the product is, among those indicated above, the one identified on the label and / or in the sales documents

For further information, please contact

E-mail address sdsregulatory@polynt.com Internet Address http://www.polynt.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

This telephone number is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.			
Europe : +44 1235 239 670			
Middle East/Africa:	+44 1235 239 671		

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East/South East Asia :	+65 3158 1412
America :	+1 215 207 0061

Poison Information Centre telephone number

European emergency phone number : 112

UK: National Poisons Emergency Number: 0344 892 0111

Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC)Telephone Healthcare

Professionals: +353 (01) 809 2566. (24 hour service) Telephone Members of Public:

+353 (01) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification of the substance or mixture - GHS/CLP (n° 1272/2008)

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 2 - (H315)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 - (H319)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 2 - (H361d)
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)	Category 3 - (H335)
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure	Category 1 - (H372)
Chronic Aquatic Toxicity	Category 3 - (H412)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

2.2. Label elements

Contains Styrene







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Physical hazards

EU H -Phrases

EUH208 - Contains phthalic anhydride, cobalt octoate. May produce an allergic reaction

Precautionary Statements

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking

P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges

P260 - Do not breathe vapour

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

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2.3. Other hazards

PBT/vPvB see section 12.5.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	EC-No	REACH Registration Number	CAS-No	Weight percent	GHS Classification		M-Factor (chronic)	
Styrene	202-851-5	01-2119457861-32	100-42-5	37 - 42	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Repr. 2 (H361d) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H335) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)			
phthalic anhydride	201-607-5	01-2119457017-41	85-44-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Skin Irrit. 2 (H315) Skin Sens. 1 (H317) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) Resp. Sens. 1 (H334) STOT SE 3 (H335)			
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16	112945-52-5	0.1 - < 1	-			
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	919-446-0	01-2119458049-33	-	0.1 - < 0.25	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Asp. Tox. 1 (H304) STOT SE 3 (H336) STOT RE 1 (H372) Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411) (EUH066)			
cobalt octoate	205-250-6	01-2119524678-29	136-52-7	0.01 - < 0.1	Skin Sens. 1A (H317) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360Fd) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 3 (H412)	1		

Additional information

Acute Toxicity Estimate See Section 11 for more information

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids

Keep eye wide open while rinsing If symptoms persist, call a doctor

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Skin Contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes

If skin irritation persists, call a doctor

Inhalation Move to fresh air

If not breathing, give artificial respiration

Consult a physician

Do NOT induce vomiting Ingestion

Rinse mouth Consult a physician

Use personal protective equipment Protection of first-aiders

See section 8 for more information

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes **Eye Contact**

Skin Contact Irritating to skin

May produce an allergic reaction.

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No information available Notes to physician

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), (closed systems)

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Special exposure hazards arising Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapours are heavier than air. They itself, combustion products, resulting gases

from the substance or preparation will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks)

Heating or fire can release toxic gas : Carbon monoxide

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit

Other Information Cool containers / tanks with water spray

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

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6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Personal Precautions Remove all sources of ignition

Heat, flames and sparks.

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

Ensure adequate ventilation Use personal protective equipment

For emergency responders

Avoid breathing vapours or mists In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe

fumes Use personal protective equipment

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil. **Environmental precautions**

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, Methods for cleaning up

earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13)

Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for more information

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling Avoid static electricity build up with connection to earth

Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

For personal protection see section 8

Prevention of fire and explosion Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition Empty containers

may contain flammable or explosive vapours

Hygiene Measures When using do not eat, drink or smoke Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/Storage

conditions

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place Keep at temperature not exceeding 30°C Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

metallic GRP Tanks (Reinforced Glass Polyester) Packageing material

Unsuitable materials for containers copper, Copper alloys, Bronze, Zinc

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available Specific use(s)

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	European Union	ACGIH OEL (Ceiling)	The United Kingdom	Ireland
Styrene	-	ACGIH (2020):	STEL 250 ppm	TWA 85 mg/m ³
100-42-5		TLV-TWA: 10 ppm	STEL 1080 mg/m ³	TWA 20 ppm
		TLV-STEL/C: 20 ppm	TWA 100 ppm	STEL 40 ppm
		Notes: OTO, A3, BEI	TWA 430 mg/m ³	STEL 170 mg/m ³
		Critical effects: CNS and		
		hearing impairment, URT		
		irr, peripheral neuropathy		
		visual disorders		
phthalic anhydride		TWA 1 ppm	STEL 12 mg/m ³ TWA 4	TWA 4 mg/m ³ STEL 12
85-44-9			mg/m³ Sen+	mg/m³ Sensitizer
cobalt octoate		0.02 mg/m ³	STEL 0.3 mg/m3 TWA 0.1	TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ Sensitizer
136-52-7		_	mg/m³ Sen+	-

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Biological standards

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)					
Styrene (100-42-5)					
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		406 mg/Kg bw/day	85 mg/m³		
Workers - Acute Short Term - Local effect			306 mg/m ³		
Workers - Acute Short term - Systemic effect			289 mg/m ³		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Local effect			182.7 mg/m ³		
General Population - Acute Short Term - Systemic effect			174.2 mg/m ³		
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	2.1 mg/Kg bw/day	343 mg/Kg bw/day	10.2 mg/m ³		

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		10 mg/kg bw/day	32.2 mg/m ³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	5 mg/kg bw/day	5 mg/kg bw/day	8.6 mg/m ³	

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect			4 mg/m³	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (-)				
Туре	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark
Workers - Long Term - Systemic effect		21 mg/kg bw/day	330 mg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	21 mg/kg bw/day	12 mg/kg bw/day	71 mg/m³	

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Type	DNEL oral	DNEL dermal	DNEL inhalation	Remark	

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Workers - Long Term - Local effect		235.1 μg/m³	
General Population - Long Term - Systemic effect	175 μg/kg bw/day		
General Population - Long Term - Local effect		37 μg/m³	

Predicted No Effect Concentration

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(I NEO)			
PNEC Component			
Styrene (100-42-5)			
Exposure	Type	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.028 mg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.014 mg/L	
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	0.04 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	0.614 mg/Kg.dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.307 mg/Kg.dw	
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.2 mg/Kg.dw	
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	5 mg/L	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)			
Exposure	Type	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	1 mg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	0.1 mg/L	
Intermittent use/release	PNEC Aqua	5.6 mg/L	
	PNEC STP	10 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	3.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	0.38 mg/kg sediment dw	
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	0.173 mg/kg soil dw	

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)			
Exposure Type PNEC			
Secondary Poisoning	PNEC Oral	60000 mg/kg	

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)			
Exposure	Type	PNEC	
Fresh water	PNEC Aqua	0.62 μg/L	
Marine water	PNEC Aqua	2.36 μg/L	
STP microorganisms	PNEC STP	0.37 mg/L	
Fresh water	PNEC Sediment	53.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water	PNEC Sediment	69.8 mg/kg sediment dw	
Terrestrial Compartment	PNEC Soil	10.9 mg/kg soil dw	

8.2. Exposure controls

Occupational exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits

When working in confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply

of air suitable for breathing and wear the recommended equipment

Personal protective equipment

General Information Respiratory Protection Use personal protective equipment.

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour) If exposure limits are likely to be exceeded / In case of insufficient ventilation, wear

suitable respiratory equipment:

Breathing apparatus with filter Type A (Organic gases and vapours filter conforming to EN 14387, APF 40 < 1 hour, APF 200 > 1 hour) / Type A(2)/P3 in combination with

Particulates filter conforming to EN 143, if exposed to dust Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses.

Eye Protection

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Skin and Body Protection Hand Protection Antistatic boots. Protective shoes or boots. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN 374) in combination with 'basic'

employee training

Glove material: Neoprene, Nitriles, Viton (R) or Polyvinyl alcohol

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or

chemical breakthrough.

Environmental Exposure Controls

Environmental Exposure Controls Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Property</u>	<u>Values</u>	Remark
Physical state	Liquid	
Colour	pink	
Appearance		No data available
Particle size	_	No data available
Odour	Styrene	
Odour Threshold	0.15 ppm	Values related to styrene
рН		No data available
pH (as aqueous solution)		No data available
Melting point/range	- 30 °C	Values related to styrene
Freezing Point		No data available
Softening point		No data available
Boiling point	145 °C	Values related to styrene
Flash point	31 °C	Values related to styrene
Flammability		No data available
Flammability Limit in Air		
Upper	6,1 - 6,8%	Values related to styrene
Lower	0,9 -1,1%	Values related to styrene
Vapour pressure	6 hPa	20°C
Vapour density	3.6	Values related to styrene
Density	1.1 - 1.15 g/cm3	20°C
Specific Gravity		No data available
Bulk density		No data available
Water solubility	Insoluble in water	
Solubility in other solvents	Soluble in most organic solvents	
Partition coefficient:	3	Values related to styrene
n-octanol/water		
Autoignition temperature	490 °C	Values related to styrene
Decomposition temperature		No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	227 - 255 mm2/s	23°C
Viscosity, dynamic	250 - 280 mPa.s	23°C (Brookfield RVT)

9.2. Other information

Information with regards to physical hazard classes

Property	<u>Values</u>	<u>Remark</u>
Explosive		No data available
s		
Flammable gases		No data available
Aerosols		No data available
Oxidising gases		No data available
Gases under pressure		No data available
Flammable liquids		No data available
Flammable solids		No data available

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No data available

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Pyrophoric liquids No data available Pyrophoric solids No data available Self-heating substances and No data available

mixtures

Substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable

gases

Oxidising liquids No data available **Oxidising solids** No data available **Oxidising Properties** No data available No data available Organic peroxides Corrosive to metals No data available **Desensitised explosives** No data available

Other safety characteristics

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No data available SAPT (self-accelerating No data available polymerisation temperature)

No data available Formation of explosible dust/air

mixtures

Acid/alkaline reserve No data available No data available **Miscible** Conductivity No data available Corrosiveness No data available Gas group No data available **Redox potential** No data available Photocatalytic properties No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Product may ignite and burn at temperatures exceeding the flash point

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Reactions In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Hazardous Polymerisation

Polymerisation can occur

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

Exposure to light

Take precautionary measures against static charges.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to Avoid Strong oxidizing agents, Peroxides, Reducing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Incomplete combustion and thermolysis produces potentially toxic gases such as carbon **Hazardous Decomposition**

Products monoxide and carbon dioxide

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Inhalation Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation

Irritating to respiratory system May produce an allergic reaction.

Ingestion Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea

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Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) 24h OECD 402	11.8 mg/L (Rat) 4h CSR	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	1530 mg/kg bw (Rat)	> 3160 mg/kg bw (Rabbit)	> 2.14 mg/L (Rat) 4h OECD 403	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	> 5000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 401	> 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	> 0.14 mg/L air (Rat) 4h (analytical) OECD 403	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	> 15000 mg/kg bw (Rat) Similar to OECD 401		> 13.1 mg/L air (Rat) 4h Similar to OECD 403	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	3129 mg/kg/bw (Rat) OECD 425	> 2000 mg/kg bw (Rat) OECD 402		

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Chemical Name	Skin corrosion/irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to skin in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No skin irritation rabbit OECD 404	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	No skin irritation in vivo assay rabbit OECD 404	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	No skin corrosion in vitro study OECD 431 EU Method B. 40	

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

Chemical Name	Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Irritating to eyes in vivo assay rabbit Draize Test	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	No eye irritation rabbit OECD 405	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	No eye irritation in vivo assay (rabbit) OECD 405	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	Moderate eye irritation OECD 437 EU Method B.47 Irritating to eyes rabbit OECD 405	

Respiratory or skin sensitisation May produce an allergic reaction.

Chemical Name	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	Does not cause skin sensitization	
100-42-5	Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
	CSR	

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phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	Does not cause skin sensitization Does not cause respiratory sensitization	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Does not cause skin sensitization in vivo assay guinea pig OECD 406	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	May cause sensitisation by skin contact in vivo assay mouse OECD 429	

Mutagenic Effects

in vitro study

Chemical Name	Ames test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium G46, TA1530, TA 1535, TA100, TA98, TA1538, TA 1537) OECD 471	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) (Escherichia coli WP2 uvrA) OECD 471	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria OECD 471	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA 100, TA 1538) similar to OECD 471	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in bacteria (S. typhimurium TA 1535, TA 1537, TA 98, TA100 and TA 102) OECD 471	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7

Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	Ambiguous In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells hamster OECD 476	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells OECD 476	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	negative In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells mouse OECD 476	Cas N°: 7440-48-4, 1308-06-1, 10124-43-3, 12016-80-7
Chemical Name	In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene 100-42-5	positive Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473 OECD 479	

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phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	Ambiguous Chromosome aberration test in vitro hamster OECD 473	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro OECD 473	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	negative Chromosome aberration test in vitro similar to OECD 473	

in vivo assay

Chemical Name	Unscheduled DNA Synthesis (UDS)	Read-across (Analogy)
Styrene	negative	, ===
100-42-5	mouse	
	OECD 486	
	OECD 474	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	negative	
112945-52-5	rat	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes,	negative	
isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	mouse	
-	similar to	
	OECD 474	
	OECD 475	
cobalt octoate	negative	Cas N°: 68956-82-1, 14024-48-7,
136-52-7	rat	10026-24-1
	OECD 474	
	OECD 475	

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	NOAEC systemic (carcinogenicity) >= 4.34 mg/L air (nominal)	negative
Inhalation	OECD 453	mouse	LOAEC (carcinogenicity) female/male = 0.09 - 0.18 mg/L air resp., NOAEC (carcinogenicity) male = 0.09 mg/L air	positive
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) >= 2000 mg/kg bw /day	positive
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day	positive

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	
Oral	No information available		NOAEL (carcinogenicity, male) = 3570 mg/kg bw/day (72w) NOAEL (carcinogenicity, female) = 1785 mg/kg bw/day (72w)	negative	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (carcinogenicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	negative	

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 453	rat	NOAEL = 1800 - 3200	negative
			mg/kg bw/day	

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (-)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation	

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Inhalation	similar to OECD 453	rat	NOAEC (female) >= 2 200	negative
minalation	Similar to OLOD 400		mg/m³ air	negative
			NOAEC (male) = 138 mg/m³ air	
			Ing/III all	
Reproductive Toxicity				
Reproductive Toxicity				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility)	positive
1			60d = 100 - 200 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	OECD 422	rat	NOAEL/LOAEL (fertility)	positive
			60d = 200 - 400 mg/kg	
			bw/day	
Inhalation	OECD 416	rat	NOAEC (P, F1) = 0.64	negative
Ì			mg/L air LOAEC (P, F1) = 2.13	
Ì			mg/L air	
			NOAEC (F2) = 0.21 mg/L	
		1	air	
			LOAEC (F2) = 0.64 mg/L	
			air (70d)	l
phthalic anhydride (85-4-	4-9)			
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
			male) = 3570 mg/kg	
			bw/day (72w)	
			NOAEL (reproductive,	
			female) = 1785 mg/kg	
			Ibw/day (72w)	
Oral	No information available	rat	bw/day (72w) NOAEL (reproductive.	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg	negative
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (reproductive,	negative
		rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg	negative
Silica, amorphous, fume	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)		NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method	Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)		NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w)	
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method	Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg	Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	Species rat romatics (2-25%)	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	Species rat romatics (2-25%)	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day Dose Dose	Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	Species rat romatics (2-25%)	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL = NOAEC (F1) = 1720	Evaluation negative
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a	Species rat romatics (2-25%)	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day Dose Dose	Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421	Species rat romatics (2-25%)	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL = NOAEC (F1) = 1720	Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL = NOAEC (F1) = 1720	Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7)	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy)	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NOAEC (P&F1) 28d = 30	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicit	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5)	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of date	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat species rat amaging the unbo	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child.	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of day	Species rat romatics (2-25%) (Species rat Species rat Species rat Species Species Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Donn child.	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of date	Species rat romatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat species rat amaging the unbo	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dorn child.	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of day	Species rat romatics (2-25%) (Species rat Species rat Species rat Species Species Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Orn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of day	Species rat romatics (2-25%) (Species rat Species rat Species rat Species Species Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of day	Species rat romatics (2-25%) (Species rat Species rat Species rat Species Species Species	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation Inhalation	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of diameter of the Method No information available OECD 414	Species rat Fromatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Donn child. Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity) 6-15d = 1.28 mg/L air	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive Evaluation positive
Silica, amorphous, fume Routes of Exposure Oral Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, r Routes of Exposure Inhalation cobalt octoate (136-52-7) Routes of Exposure Oral Developmental Toxicity Styrene (100-42-5) Routes of Exposure Inhalation	d, crystalline-free (112945-52-5) Method OECD 415 n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, a Method similar to OECD 421 Method Read-across (Analogy) Cas N°: 7440-48-4 OECD 422 ty Suspected of di	Species rat Fromatics (2-25%) Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat Species rat	NOAEL (reproductive, female) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day (105w) Dose NOAEL = 497 mg/kg bw/day NOAEC (F1) = 1720 mg/m³ Dose NO(A)EL (P&F1) 28d = 30 mg/kg bw/day Dose NOAEC/LOAEC (maternal toxicity + developemental toxicity) >50d = 1.08 - 2.15 mg/L air LOAEC (maternal toxicity)	Evaluation negative Evaluation negative Evaluation positive Evaluation positive

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Inhalation	OECD 414	rabbit	NOAEC (maternal toxicity negative	
			+ developmental toxicity)	
			6-18d = 2.56 mg/L air	

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
	Read-across (Analogy) phthalic acid Cas N° : 88-99-3		NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1700 mg/kg bw/day	positive

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Oral	OECD 414		NOAEL (maternal toxicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day NOAEL (teratogenicity) = 1350 mg/kg bw/day	negative

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkar	nes, isoalkanes, cyclics,	aromatics (2-25%)	(-)	
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Evaluation
Inhalation	similar to OECD 414	rat	NOAEL (maternal toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air NOAEC (developmental Toxicity) >= 5220 mg/m³ air	negative

Chemical Name	European Union
Styrene	Repr. 2
100-42-5	

Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure

May cause irritation of respiratory tract

Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure , target organ(s) : Central nervous system , Ears

STOT - repeated exposure				
Styrene (100-42-5)				
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Inhalation	OECD 412	rat mouse	NOAEC male (28d) = 3.47 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) 28d = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.181 mg/L air NOAEC (28d) = 0.688 mg/L air	
Inhalation	No information available	rat	NOAEC (nasal tract) = 0.85 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air NOAEC (ototoxicity) = 0.85 mg/L air LOAEC (ototoxicity) = 3.41 mg/L air NOAEC (overall) = 2.13 mg/L air	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (toxicity) = 1000 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (toxicity) = 2000 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	NOAEL (toxicity) = 150 mg/kg bw /day LOAEL (toxicity) = 300 mg/kg bw /day	
Inhalation	OECD 453	rat	LOAEC local (toxicity) = 0.21 mg/L air	

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Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL = 1250 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL = 2500 mg/kg bw/day 7 weeks	
Oral	No information available	rat	NOAEL (105 weeks) = 500 mg/kg bw/day	
Oral	No information available	mouse	LOAEL (male) = 2340 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL (female) = 1717 mg/kg bw/day 72 weeks	

Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	OECD 408	rat	NOEL (highest dose) 4000 <= 4500 mg/kg bw/day 90d		
Inhalation	OECD 413	rat	NOEC = 1.3 mg/m^3 air NOEC < 1.3 mg/m^3 air 90d		
Dermal	No information available	rabbit	NOAEL >= 10000 mg/kg bw/day		

Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks
Oral	similar to OECD 408	rat	NOAEL (female) 30d = 1056 mg/kg bw LOAEL (male) 30d = 116 mg/kg bw	
Inhalation	similar to OECD 413	rat	NOAEC (female) = 3950 mg/m³ LOAEC (male) = 1975 mg/m³ LOAEC (female) = 7400 mg/m³	
Dermal	similar to OECD 411	rat	NOAEL (systemic) >= 495 mg/kg bw/day	

cobalt octoate (136-52-7)					
Routes of Exposure	Method	Species	Dose	Remarks	
Oral	Read-across (Analogy)	rat	NOAEL (90d) = 3 mg/kg		
	cobalt dichloride		bw/day		
	hexahydrate OECD 408				

Aspiration Hazard

Due to the viscosity, this product does not present an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

Other Information None

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Acute aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to
		other aquatic		microorganisms
		invertebrates.		

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Styrene 100-42-5	EPA OTS 797.1050	EC50 (48h) = 4.7 mg/L (Daphnia magna) NOEC = 1.9 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	ÓECD 203	EC (30min) = 500 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage) OECD 209
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	EC50 (72h) = 68 mg/L, NOEC (72h) = 32 mg/L (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) OECD 201	EC50 (48h) = 71 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 99 mg/L (Oryzias latipes) OECD 203	EC50 (3h) > 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge), ISO 8192 EC50 (16h) = 13 mg/L (Pseusomonas putida), ISO 10712
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5		EL50 (24h) >= 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LC50 (96h) > 10000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio) OECD 203	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	EL50 (72h) = 4.1 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOELR (72h) = 0.76 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	EL50 (48h) = 10 - 22 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 202	LL50 (96h) = 10 - 30 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) OECD 203	
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (72h) = 144 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) NOEC (72h) = 32.2 μg./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) LOEC (72h) = 52.7 μg Codiss./L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201		LC50 (96h) = 1.512 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) NOEC (96h) = 0.939 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LOEC (96h) = 1.577 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) ASTM guideline (1996)	EC10 (30 min) = 3.73 mg/L (Activated sludge) EC50 (30 min) = 120 mg/L (Activated sludge) Read across with Cas N°: 7646-79-9 OECD 209

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Component Information

Chemical Name	Toxicity to algae	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates.	Toxicity to fish	Toxicity to microorganisms
Styrene 100-42-5		NOEC (21d) = 1.01 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOEC (21d) = 2.06 mg/L (Daphnia magna) EC50 (21d) = 1.88 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 203		
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9		NOEC (reproduction) 21d = 16 mg/L, EC50 (reproduction) 21d = 42 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211	LC50 (7d) = 560 mg/L (Danio rerio), OECD 210 LOEC (total embryotoxicity) 60d = 32 mg/L, NOEC (mortality, lengh, weight, embryotoxicity) 60d = 10 mg/L, OECD 210	
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)		EC50 (21d) = 0.328 mg/L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	EC50 (7d) = 90.1 µg./L (Lemna minor) NOEC (7d) = 3.0 µg/L (Lemna minor) LOEC (7d) = 8.8 µg/L (Lemna minor) OECD 221	NOECR (21d) = 60.8 µg./L (Daphnia magna) LC50 (21d) = 121.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) LOECR (21d) = 93.3 µg Codiss./L (Daphnia magna) OECD 211		

Effects on terrestrial organisms - Component Information

Acute toxicity					
phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)					
Acute toxicity	Test Method	Species	Values	Remarks	

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plants	Lactuca sativa	EC50 (germination) = 731	
		mg/L	

	Chronic toxicity						
	Styrene (100-42-5)						
Chronic toxicity	Method	Species	Values	Remarks			
Toxicity to invertebrates	OECD 207	Eisenia foetida	LC50 (14d) = 120 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (burrowing time and mean percent weight change) = 65 mg/kg soil dw LOEC (survival) = 180 mg/kg soil dw NOEC (mean percent weight change) = 34 mg/kg soil dw				

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemical Name	Biodegradation	Evaluation
Styrene 100-42-5	87% (20d) similar to OECD 301D	Readily biodegradable
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	68 % (10d), 74 % (30d) OECD 301 D	Readily biodegradable
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	74.7% (28d) (Activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) OECD 301 F	Readily biodegradable
cobalt octoate 136-52-7	60% (> 10d), OECD 301 B	Readily biodegradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)		
Styrene (100-42-5)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		74

phthalic anhydride (85-44-9)		
Method	Species	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Calculation method		3.16 - 3.4

Chemical Name	log Pow
Styrene	3
100-42-5	
phthalic anhydride	1.6
85-44-9	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Chemical Name	LogKoc	Кос
Styrene	2.55	352
100-42-5		
phthalic anhydride 85-44-9	•	31

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical Name	PBT	vPvB
100-42-5	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
85-44-9	persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

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Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free 112945-52-5	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine disrupting properties No information available

12.7 Other Adverse Effects

None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products

Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system

Contaminated Packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal

Other Information According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but

application specific

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the

product was used

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR/RID UN1866 IMDG/IMO UN1866 ICAO/IATA UN1866 ADN UN1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID

RESIN SOLUTION

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (D/E)

IMDG/IMO

RESIN SOLUTION

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III, (31°C c.c.)

ICAO/IATA

Resin solution

UN1866, Resin solution, 3, PG III

ADN

RESIN SOLUTION

UN1866, RESIN SOLUTION, 3, PG III

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID

Hazard class 3
IMDG/IMO
Hazard class 3
ICAO/IATA
Hazard class 3

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ADN

Hazard class 3

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID III
IMDG/IMO III
ICAO/IATA III
ADN III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID No IMDG/IMO No Marine pollutant No ICAO/IATA No ADN No

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID

Classification Code F1
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)
Limited quantity 5 L

IMDG/IMO

EmS F-E, S-E Limited quantity 5 L

ICAO/IATA

ERG Code 3L Limited quantity 10 L

ADN

Classification Code F1
Limited quantity 5 L
ventilation VE01

Special precautions for users

Special precautions No information available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 Directive 88/642/EEC Directive 98/24/EC

Directive 1999/92/EC Directive 2012/18/EU

The mixture is subject to restrictions on use, see Annex XVII of the Regulation 1907/2006/EC (REACH): Column 1, n° 3; Column 1, n° 40.

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European Union

Named dangerous substances per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)

National regulatory information

The United Kingdom

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

Avoid exceeding of the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment

Yes

Exposure scenario Relevant information for risk control are communicated in the form of exposure scenario

attached to the safety data sheet.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 - Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

EUH208 - May produce an allergic reaction

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice To avoid risks to **Training Advice**

human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use

Sources of key data used to compile the datasheet

ECHA

Former date 23-Feb-2023 **Revision date** 03-Jun-2024

SDS sections updated: 9 **Revision Note**

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

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Scenario 1: Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 1. Description of ES 1

Free short title	Manufacturing of UP/VE resins and formulated resins (Gelcoat, Coulour Paste, Putty, Bonding paste/Adhesive) (ES1)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 2; PROC 1, 3, 4, 5, 8a, 8b, 9, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 2 – Formulation into mixture
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 1 - Chemical production in closed process PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC 4 - Chemical production where opportunity for exposure arises PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact) PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities PROC 8b - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities PROC 9 - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	environmental exposure for ERC 2
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	45700 kg/day (referred to styrene)



Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	41
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.0025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m³/day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values (referred to styre	ene)
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002)
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling in	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 1
Name of contributing scenario	1 - Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Closed processes
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	
	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics Physical state	lines. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from windows and doors etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Europeitry / Dustiness	mo dive
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. Receipt and storage of raw materials in bulk or as packed goods, indoor and outdoor; Raw material assembly and charging; dispensing of liquids and solids via pipeline;
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Use bulk or semi-bulk handling systems. Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	·
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour



Human factors not influenced by risk managen	nent	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²	
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	enhanced (>30%)	
Domain	industrial	
Technical conditions and measures to control d	lispersion and exposure	
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes	
Conditions and measures related to personal pasec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on	
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %	
Respiratory protection	no	
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness	
Contributing Scenario (4) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 3		
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)	
Scenario subtitle	Dissolving linear UP/VE polymer in blending vessel (or dissolver)	
Qualitative Risk Assessment		
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines; Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Apply vessel entry procedures including use of forced supplied air. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.	
Product characteristics		
Physical state	liquid	
Concentration in substance	100 %	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium	
Frequency and duration of use		
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)	
Frequency of use	5 days / week	
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent	
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²	
Other given operational conditions affecting we	orkers exposure	
Location	indoors	
Ventilation	good (30%)	



Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	onal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (5) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of blending vessel, roadtankers etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use in semi-automated and predominantly enclosed filling lines. Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	ing workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con	ntrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes



Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) controlling i	ndustrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. All internal transport. Raw material assembly and charging / raw material dispensing of liquids and solids manually from bulk storage or packed goods into blending tank.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ment
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur



Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Process sampling.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour): Avoid dip sampling. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 min1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	Good (>30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Provide a good standard of general or controlled ventilation (5 to 15 air changes per hour). Keep lids of containers closed during blending. Ensure good work practices are implemented. Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment cleaning and maintenance. Cleaning and maintenance of pipes, pumps, filters, etc.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	General	Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Use suitable eye protection.
Physical state liquid Concentration in substance 100 % Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment		Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Ba - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Product characteristics	
Fugacity / Dustiness medium Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Physical state	liquid
Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Domain Industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Seenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Concentration in substance	100 %
Duration of activity >4 hours (default) Frequency of use 5 days / week Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Secnario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface 960 cm² Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Frequency and duration of use	
Human factors not influenced by risk management Exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location Domain Industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves AFF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Exposed skin surface Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Frequency of use	5 days / week
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Human factors not influenced by risk ma	nagement
Location indoors Domain industrial Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation yes Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Other given operational conditions affecti	ing workers exposure
Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion and exposure Local exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Location	indoors
Local exhaust ventilation Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec.8 of SDS Protective gloves Gloves APF 5 80 % Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Domain	industrial
Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on sec. 8 of SDS Protective gloves Respiratory protection Local exhaust ventilation Local exhaust ventilation Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Technical conditions and measures to con	trol dispersion and exposure
Protective gloves Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Respiratory protection Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Conditions and measures related to perso sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness) Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Contributing Scenario (10) controlling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Name of contributing scenario 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities Scenario subtitle Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
at non dedicated facilities Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Contributing Scenario (10) control	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment	Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Scenario subtitle	Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like
	Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Provide a good standard of general ventilation.
	Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures
	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.
	Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental
	legislation. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	, · · · · ·
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	<1 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions aff	ecting workers exposure
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (11) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8b
Name of contributing scenario	8b -Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to
	customer.
	Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) into roadtanker
Qualitative Risk Assessment	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.
	Ensure good work practices are implemented
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
	Use suitable eye protection.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manager	nent
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control of	lispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to personal p sec.8 of SDS	rotection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (12) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 9
Name of contributing scenario	9 -Transfer of chemicals into small containers (dedicated filling line)
Scenario subtitle	Bulk transfers. All activities related to transport finished product to customer. Dispensing final UP/VE resin (linear UP/VE polymer + styrene + additives) / into storage tank, IBC, drum or pail.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Fill containers/cans at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Use suitable eye protection.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	agement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	rol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) controll	ing industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. All laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from reactor and blending vessel. R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	



Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con-	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Scenario 2: FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 2

rable 2. Description of ES 2	
Free short title	FRP manufacturing in an industrial setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES2)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6D; PROC 3, 5, 7, 8A, 10, 13, 14, 15
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6d Production of resins
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 7 - Industrial spraying
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
	PROC 14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
	PROC 15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Contributing Scenario (1) controlling e	nvironmental exposure for ERC 6D
Operational conditions (referred to styrene)	
Daily amount used at site	161000 kg/day (referred to styrene)
Release times per year	300 days/year (justification: Continous release)
Local freshwater dilution factor	10



Local marine water dilution factor	100
Release fraction to air from process	0.102 %
Release fraction to wastewater from process	0.00063 %
Release fraction to soil from process	0.025 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	yes
River flow rate	18000 m³/day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.00063 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for Worst-case European manufacturing site)
	0.004 (0.10) 700) (0.00)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
STP (Fstp.water)	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
STP (Fstp.water)	
STP (Fstp.water) Contributing Scenario (2) controlling	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
STP (Fstp.water) Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	industrial worker exposure for PROC 3 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Material transfers; Automated process with (semi) closed systems; Use in contained batch processes. Resin injection and transfer processes, such as vacuüm infusion, RTM, impregnation of sewer relining sleeves Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.



Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con-	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (3) controlli	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 3
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers. Product delivery/storage - delivery of bulk and packaged products - outdoor / indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	nagement
Exposed skin surface	240 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecti	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to con-	trol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	no



Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	no
Contributing Scenario (4) controllin	ng industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Drum/batch transfers; Pouring from small containers; Transfer from/pouring from containers; Mixing operations (open systems). Loading of mixing equipment; Preparation of material for application; (liquid products) - batch, indoor
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk man	agement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affecting	ng workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to cont	rol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to person sec.8 of SDS	nal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)

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Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or
Name of contributing scenario	significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Casting operations; Mixing operations (open systems). Casting and mixing operations in (semi-) open containers. Examples are centrifugal casting, casting of polymer concrete and artificial marble and the manufacturing of SMC / BMC/ TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	5-60%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by ris	k management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm^2
Other given operational conditions a	ffecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures t	o control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to sec.8 of SDS	personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (6) con	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 5
Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)



g : 1.24	
Scenario subtitle	General exposures (closed systems). Mixing liquid and solid components / into final formulated resin in blending vessel; Examples are gelcoat blending and compounding, formulation of repair putties, bonding pastes, chemical anchoring, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to persec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (7) contro	lling industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (automatic/robotic) All open mould applications where resins is applied by automated spraying or by robot in a spray cabin without direct worker involvement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding

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Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	gement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting	g workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to contr	ol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to persona sec.8 of SDS	al protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure)
Contributing Scenario (8) controllin	g industrial worker exposure for PROC 7
Name of contributing scenario	7 - Industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop" filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance; Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 95 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Respiratory protection	Yes
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Technical conditions and measures to c	control dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Ventilation	good (30%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency and duration of use	
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	1
	Wear suitable face shield. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin Wear chemically resistant gloves tested to EN374 in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection.
General	Carefully pour from containers Use long handled tools where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented



General	Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk i	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to pe sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (10) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Put lids on containers immediately after use. Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Product characteristics	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	moduli
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	1 - 1
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions aff	
Location	Indoors/outdoor
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
sec.8 of SDS	rsonar protection, hygiene and nearth evaluation. See details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (11) cont	rolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Contributing Scenario (12) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 10
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occur
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	industrial
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency and duration of use	1
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Concentration in substance	100 %
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	tested Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and



Canaval	Engues good work protings are invalemented
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
	effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (13) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 13
Name of contributing scenario	13 - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring;
	Continuous processes. Continuous processes with open impregnation steps, such as
	pultrusion with open impregnation baths and (semi-)
	continuous production of flat laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (14) contr	olling industrial worker exposure for PROC 14
Name of contributing scenario	14 - Production of preparations or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Production or preparation or articles by tabletting, compression, extrusion or pelletisation; Treatment by heating; Batch processes at elevated temperatures. Processes where curing of UP / VE resins takes place at high temperature. Examples are pultrusion with injection dies and processing of SMC / BMC / TMC, etc
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	·
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100%
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	enhanced (70%)
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 70 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)
Contributing Scenario (15) cont	trolling industrial worker exposure for PROC 15
Name of contributing scenario	15 - Use of laboratory reagents in small scale laboratories
Scenario subtitle	Laboratory activities. Quality control work of samples from blending vessel; R&D work including handling of samples from 1 kg to 1 drum
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ment
Exposed skin surface	240 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	vorkers exposure
Location	indoors
Domain	industrial
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to personal psec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	No
Local exhaust ventilation	inhalation: 90 % (justification: Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness)



Scenario 3: FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES3)

This scenario is described by the following combinations of use descriptors. The corresponding contributing scenarios are described in the respective subchapters.

An overall exposure scenario may be described by a number of contributing scenarios which may be subdivided into environmental exposure, worker exposure and consumer exposure.

The following scenarios contribute to the scenario FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.).

This document has been prepared using REACH-Practical-Guide-on-Safe-Use-Information-for-Mixtures-under-REACH-The-LCID-Methodology, considering exposure scenario of relevant raw materials contained in the mixture.

The corresponding release to the environment, exposure of workers resulting from these contributing scenarios is summarized below.

Table 2. Description of ES 3

Free short title	FRP manufacturing in a professional setting, using UP/VE resins and/or formulated resins (gelcoat, bonding paste, putty etc.) (ES8)
Systematic title based on use descriptor	ERC 6C; PROC 3, 4, 5, 8A, 10, 11
Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC	ERC 6c Production of plastics
Name(s) of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROCs	PROC 3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
	PROC 4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
	PROC 5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
	PROC 8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
	PROC 10 - Roller application or brushing
	PROC 11 - Non industrial spraying

Contributing Scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure for ERC 6C Operational conditions (referred to styrene) Daily amount used at site 48300 kg/day (referred to styrene) Release times per year 300 days/year (justification: Continous release) Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100 Release fraction to air from process 0.102 %

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0.000012 %

Release fraction to wastewater from process



Release fraction to soil from process	0 %
Fraction tonnage to region	10 %
Fraction used at main source	60 %
STP	Yes
River flow rate	18000 m ³ /day
Municipal sewage treatment plant discharge	2000000 L/day
Other modified EUSES values	
Fraction released to agricultural soil (Femis.agric)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene,European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to industrial soil (Femis.ind)	0 % (justification: No direct release to soil (EU Risk Assessment Report on Styrene, European Communities, 2002))
Fraction released to waste water (Femis.water)	0.000012 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction released to air (Femis.air)	0.102 % (justification: EU Risk Assessment Report, 2002)
Fraction used at main source	60 % (justification: Value adopted to account for worst-case European manufacturing site)
Fraction of emission directed to water by local STP (Fstp.water)	0.081 - (justification: Efficiency STP 91.9%)
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p	professional worker exposure for PROC 3
Contributing Scenario (2) controlling p Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation)
3 ()	
Name of contributing scenario	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Name of contributing scenario Scenario subtitle Qualitative Risk Assessment General Product characteristics Physical state Concentration in substance Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use Duration of activity	3 - Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in contained batch processes. Application of chemical anchoring Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures In case of potential exposure: Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness. liquid 100% medium >4 hours (default) 5 days / week



Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
Conditions and measures related to personal psec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Contributing Scenario (3) controlling	professional worker exposure for PROC 4
Name of contributing scenario	4 - Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises
Scenario subtitle	Use in contained batch processes. Sewer relining operation
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk manage	ment
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting w	orkers exposure
Location	outdoors (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control	dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	No
Conditions and measures related to personal psec.8 of SDS	protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs



Name of contributing scenario	5 - Mixing or blending in batch processes (multistage and/or significant contact)
Scenario subtitle	Material transfers; Pouring from small containers. Preparation of material for application (liquids) - transfer of material from one container to another; Formulating / blending resins, gelcoats, bonding pastes, putties etc. in blending vessels
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Use drum pumps. Put lids on containers immediately after use. Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk	management
Exposed skin surface	480 cm ²
Other given operational conditions af	fecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to	control dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to posec.8 of SDS	ersonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness



Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Equipment maintenance;
	Maintenance of small items. Equipment cleaning and maintenance
	Equipment cleaning and maintenance
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize
	exposures
	Use suitable eye protection.
	Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
	In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory
	protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk m	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affect	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	Yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure might occur
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (6) contro	lling professional worker exposure for PROC 8A
Name of contributing scenario	8a - Transfer of chemicals from/to vessels/ large containers at non dedicated facilities
Scenario subtitle	Disposal of wastes. Handling of non cured waste; Waste management / handling and storage of waste for removal for off-site treatment or for on-site treatment like incineration and/or biological waste water treatment
Qualitative Risk Assessment	·



General	Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	15 mins to 1 hour
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	ecting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (7) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application All open mould applications where resins is applied by brushing, rolling and other low energy spreading operations; Examples are handlamination, gelcoatbrushing, semi- continuous production of flat panels and laminates
Qualitative Risk Assessment	



General	Use long handled brushes and rollers where possible Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. In case of potential exposure wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
Product characteristics	
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk n	nanagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affe	cting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	Use respiratory protection when exposure occurs
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (8) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of repair putties; Application of bonding pastes / adhesives.
Qualitative Risk Assessment	·



	Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
	Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Application of Hoorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Scenario subtitle	Dipping, immersion and pouring; Rolling, Brushing; Roller, spreader, flow application Application of floorings, mastics, coatings, castings
Name of contributing scenario	10 - Roller application or brushing
Contributing Scenario (9) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 10
Respiratory protection	yes
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Conditions and measures related to per sec.8 of SDS	rsonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Local exhaust ventilation	no
Technical conditions and measures to c	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Domain	professional
Ventilation	good (30%)
Location	indoors
Other given operational conditions affe	
Exposed skin surface	960 cm ²
Human factors not influenced by risk n	
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Fugacity / Dustiness Frequency and duration of use	medium
Concentration in substance	100%
Physical state	liquid
Product characteristics	
	exposures Use suitable eye protection. Use suitable chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate effectiveness.
General	Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures



Dhysical state	1:i.d
Physical state	liquid
Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	>4 hours (default)
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk ma	anagement
Exposed skin surface	960 cm^2
Other given operational conditions affect	ting workers exposure
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to co	ontrol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to pers sec.8 of SDS	sonal protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness
Contributing Scenario (10) contro	olling professional worker exposure for PROC 11
Name of contributing scenario	11 - Non industrial spraying
Scenario subtitle	Spraying; Spraying (manually) All open mould applications where resins is applied by manual spraying in an open work environement. Examples are spray lamination, gelcoat spraying and "chop-hoop"
,	filament winding
Qualitative Risk Assessment	
Qualitative Risk Assessment General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate
General	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control.
	Keep people not involved in the activity, away from the operation Ensure good work practices are implemented Provide basic employe training to prevent/minimize exposures Use suitable eye protection. Wear suitable face shield Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemically resistant gloves, tested to EN374, in combination with intensive management supervision control. Wear a suitable respiratory protection with adeguate



Concentration in substance	100 %
Fugacity / Dustiness	medium
Frequency and duration of use	
Duration of activity	1 - 4 hours
Frequency of use	5 days / week
Human factors not influenced by risk mana	gement
Exposed skin surface	1,500 cm ²
Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure	
Location	indoors
Ventilation	good (30%)
Domain	professional
Technical conditions and measures to control	ol dispersion and exposure
Local exhaust ventilation	yes
Conditions and measures related to persona sec.8 of SDS	l protection, hygiene and health evaluation: see details on
Protective gloves	Gloves APF 5 80 %
Respiratory protection	yes
Local exhaust ventilation	Use local exhaust ventilation with adequate effectiveness